



THE RICE COUNTY GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

Rice County, Minnesota
408 Division Street, Northfield, MN

Spring 2016

Members are actively working on their family lines and searching out the history of those who came to live in or passed through Rice County, Minnesota.

The Rice County Genealogical Society (RCGS) meets at 2:00 on the 3rd Tuesday September – May alternating between the Rice County Historical Society Museum, 1814 NW 2nd Avenue, Faribault and the Northfield Historical Society Building 408 Division Street, Northfield. Other meetings may be called for research trips or to work on projects.

MEETING DATES:

September	20, 2016.....	Northfield	2:00
October	18, 2016.....	Faribault	2:00
November	15, 2016.....	Northfield	2:00 Election of officers
December	20, 2016.....	Faribault	11:30 Lunch (place to be determined)
		meeting	~2:00
January	17, 2017.....	Northfield	2:00
February	21, 2017.....	Faribault	2:00
March	21, 2017.....	Northfield	2:00
April	18, 2017.....	Faribault	2:00
May	16, 2017.....	Northfield	2:00

OFFICERS:

President:	Dave Madole	davemadole@hotmail.com
Vice President:	Arlene Williams	
Secretary:	Mary Zabel	select2@kmwb.net
Treasurer:	Noreen Giefer	nmking54@hotmail.com

MEMBERSHIP: Find an application on the back of this newsletter. The Rice Gleanings Spring and Fall newsletters are included with membership.

To contribute to the Newsletter contact Harriet Berg <hgbergmn@ix.netcom.com>

IN THIS ISSUE:

Page

- 2..... **How Did We Do Genealogy Before the Computer** by Audrey DeMann
- 3..... **What Can Make Genealogy Catchy Part II** by Mary Zabel [family of Charles and Wilhelmina (Brandt) Zabel]
- 8..... **Frank Sommers and Mary S. Albers Wedding** by Cheri Albers
- 9..... **A New Education** by Paul Fonstad [family names Fonstad and Skafte]
- 10..... **Photo of RCGS meeting March 2016** by Mary Zabel
- 11..... **Items of Interest from John Dalby**

How Did We do Genealogy Before The Birth of the Computer

by Audrey DeMann

Once you have the desire, a simple but useful start would be to talk to the elders in your family. Don't wait too long; they may not wait for you. On the other hand you can't start too young. Take thorough notes and keep track of them. Don't trust your memory — it is fickle.

Once you find out what your family knows about your background move on to some of the less obvious sources of research, such as the Family Bible, Diaries, Scrapbooks, Family Photos and Old Letters to name some. Once you start gathering information I would suggest you decide on and get whatever form of group sheet you will use. This printed form will help you to know just which questions you need to find answers for. That could save you from running back to the same source two or three times.

Now then, where else do you do this gathering? Some of the more obvious sources are court houses, government societies, cemetery records, mortuaries and old newspapers. Of course you first need to know in what part of the country your relative made those records. Hopefully your elders were helpful with that. It doesn't matter which relative you start with. One thing should lead to another. When you gather information it is important that you record the source of each record even if they conflict. If everything you see points to fact but you can't prove it, you should note that.

Another help could be the many "How To" books written on searching for your ancestors in the U. S. as well as other countries. They will include helpful addresses.

Hire a professional genealogist if you must, especially when you need information from another country. If you love to travel you may prefer to do your own search. I felt it was cheaper and less time consuming for me to hire some professionals. Also the professional who is from the country you're searching will have understanding of the record keeping they use, and the language if that's a consideration. I did very well with a professional a couple of times in Scotland and a couple times in Canada as well. Another time I hired a "professional" in Canada, and was not satisfied. The person I dealt with was well aware of my frustration that the research was wrong and yet, without my knowledge, the information was posted on Ancestry.com. Just because someone puts it out there doesn't mean it is right.

Use your imagination about how to reach people. I used snail mail a lot. For a few cents I could put a letter in the mail one day and two weeks later a stranger in Europe could be reading it. I found that many folks would respond and be anxious to help. A friend from London was in Scotland and she opened a phone book and copied a list of addresses that contained my maiden name. I sent letters to Scotland and had a good response. I sent a letter to a place in Poland that figured in my past. On the envelope I printed "Genealogy Search" and "Deliver to Local Historian". A young man who worked in the post office took the letter home and he and his wife worked for me in that part of the world. To pay them go to the bank or Post office to learn how to send money to a foreign country so they will have no problem depositing it.

Good Luck!

Don't give up and don't expect to get done. This job doesn't get done.

What Can Make Genealogy Catchy? Part II

written by Mary Zabel

(Continued from Fall 2015 Rice Gleanings)

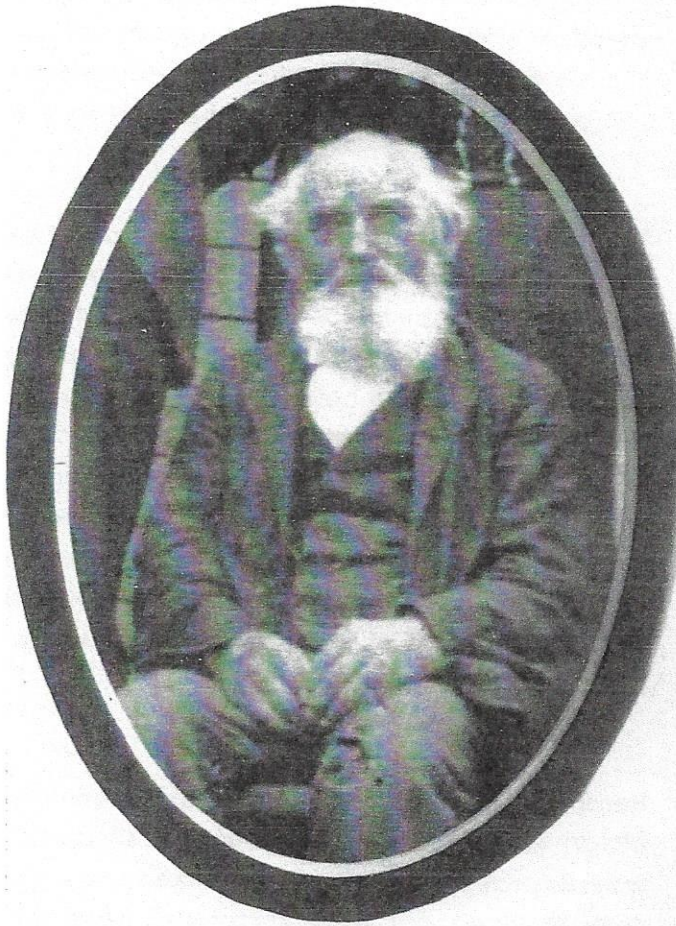


Photo: Charles Zabel from Elsie Zabel's Album

In the last issue, you were introduced to the Charles Zabel family history hunt whose existence is from 1847 when he came to the US. Charles was the first generation Zabel to have come to the American shores. The current only surviving member under our branch of this family tree is his great granddaughter who is now 91 years old and has for a long time been interested in his family history. This great granddaughter knew one of his children about whom she had little contact and only memories of stories of her life in Minneapolis. As with many of us when we are younger, we ask very few questions about our heritage so much remains a mystery. Her questions were directed to her Grandmother as her Grandfather, the direct descendent of Charles, was deceased before she was born. Not enough questions had been asked about that generation, before her Grandmother died, to

WILHELMINA LOUISE

BRANDT ZABEL

From Elsie Zabel's
Photo Album



know about the family constellation and be able to determine who and how many there were.

Some twenty years ago, the great granddaughter's son assisted her with a computer search of possible other children of Charles. This research yielded a total of seven children listed in the 1870 US census. All were listed by the Zabel surname as they were still part of his household. Of these seven, 5 were females. I picked up the search from there.

Once the female members married and moved on, I was left clueless as to what their married names were or where they lived. So I began the long tedious review of local county and township birth records, which at that time these records were not on line. My next best hope was to search the death records for either Charles or his wife Minnie. Excited that I had found Minnie as she had died first in 1901. So off I went to the library in search of her obituary. To my dismay, it yielded only the date of her death and her residence at the time of her death. As far of survivors, it listed only that she had borne 11 children, 8 of whom were survivors and that her husband Charles had survived her.

So back to the Rice County courthouse I went in search of Charles's death record. I found him listed in the 1904 records. Although the address of his death was different than his wife's, it did indicate he was a widower and his wife's name was Minnie. So I knew I had the correct person. Subsequent review of Charles's actual obituary of 1904 listed seven

What Can Make Genealogy Catchy? Part II

written by Mary Zabel

surviving children but with an actual full count of his children identified as being 13. Of great benefit in his obituary was that all surviving children were identified by their full current names as of the time of his death with a current residency for each, all but one living out of the county and most out of state.

Now I could use Ancestry.com to seek information relative to the female members listed in the obituary. I found the most valid category of Ancestry's search to be the Social Security Death Index. From the queried list of individuals with names close to each, I was able to verify them as his children as it gave their birth place and the names of their parents, verifying them as his children. Thus I found, one son and three daughters living in Kewanee, Illinois and three daughters noted in late 1800s censuses having moved to Minneapolis. Following the females to the point of their death was not always successful as was the case of one daughter not listed in her father's obituary and yet not listed in the SS death index by either her maiden name or suspected married name. I went back to the 1870 and 1880 census and found a daughter, Mary listed there as eight years old in 1870 and 18 in 1880. Mary was not in the list of Charles's survivors, but on the census she was listed as Charles and Minnie's daughter. In the 1880 census, she was listed as a servant in Faribault. She had to have left home early as she never appeared in another census so it meant she had either died or left the area. Using the SS death index, she did not list as deceased under her maiden name and did not come up under a verifiable married name although one I found in St. Paul could be her. Under the suspected marital name, she does not appear under any death record either on Ancestry.com's death index or search of the Minnesota death records listed under the Minnesota History Center. I have at least verified she was one of their living children.

Another daughter I had difficulty finding her death record eventually appeared under California records. This was only coincidental as she had filed for social security at the time of her first husband's death. In an early interview some 10 years ago with

our aunt who had early childhood memories of her, remembered that she mentioned she had re-married and the new last name came to her. Entering this into the SS death index with her date of birth, she came up in the Los Angeles, California record as having died there. The SS # listed on her death certificate exactly matched the SS # under her first marital name when she had filed in Minnesota some ten years earlier. So second marriages of unknown name change can cloud or stalemate the search. So having verified all of the above children, I now had the 8 survivors as identified in Minnie's obituary. Thus there are several ways to search to be certain about their life residence. So lesson learned, you cannot just count on obituaries as they are not always correct either... a good reason to verify familial lineage through several official sources.

To answer the question, can we learn anymore about our long deceased unknown relatives, I wish to share this. My husband, my sister-in-law, and I armed with our print outs of Minnesota census and death index information from Ancestry.com on the four children listed as having lived in Kewanee, drove there and spent two days searching for clues about them. A trip to the local library's genealogical section, the town's museum and a trip to the Henry County court house gave us a wonderful sketch of these relatives unknown to any one now living or documented in the limited family history. Looking through the local phone book, no Zabels were found or known by town's people. However, below is why we could not find them by this surname. We began with their obituaries at the Kewanee library.

- Son Charles's obituary noted he was born in Prairieville, Minnesota. He was a mason and worked for a large brick foundry. We learned he had only a daughter and through re-run of death index on her, she had married and moved to the Minneapolis area. The house identified in his obituary (as addresses were listed then), was still standing and had current residents

What Can Make Genealogy Catchy? Part II

written by Mary Zabel

- Daughter Emma's obituary noted she was born in Prairieville Minnesota of Charles and Minnie Zabel and had come to Kewanee after marrying her husband Mr. Frank Gunther in Faribault, Minnesota. Mr. Gunther was a prominent business man in Kewanee who with his brother and father, owned a company, Peter's Pumps, that manufactured and shipped pumps to many places in the US and Canada until 1945. In her obituary, it identified the location of their residence. We also saw her elegant home which is still inhabited today. The connection of how she met Mr. Gunther was not determined.
- Daughter Fannie's obituary noted she was born in Prairieville moved to Kewanee and married Emma's brother-in-law, William Gunther, who was identified, likewise, as prominent citizen of the town. We also saw her elegant home still also in use as a residence. This town had a historical museum. In it were articles about Fannie's and Emma's husband's business. The museum had a significant display of their company's history and models of their pumps and other equipment they made and sold.
- Daughter Nellie's obituary: Most of the youngest daughter Nellie's information was found by accident during the trip to the museum when reviewing information about the Gunther family. Initially when we were at the library, the genealogist there, in addition to standard records such as obituaries and birth and death records, looked through this town's yearbooks. By estimating Nellie's age and potential time of

motherhood, we remembered that her children could have been in the yearbooks that this town had started to archive in the 1920's. Both her children were there with pictures with their significant accomplishments.

While in the museum, my sister-in-law was looking at a display about the 25th anniversary in the early 1900s of a large department store in the town. In celebration of this anniversary, all the department heads were pictured individually within the area they were in charge of. Nellie was pictured as she was the head of the dry goods department. WOW, a name with a face! When we mentioned this to the curator of the museum, that we had found pictures of her children and mentioned their names, he was very excited and indicated that he could remember Nellie's daughter had married a prominent town sports hero whose pictures hung in multiple places in the museum. He joyfully shared these with us. He also shared a historical document from a local large specialty hospital. In it, it identified Nellie's daughter as the Director of Nursing for a significant duration.

With limited time, we made our last stop the cemetery, to visit the graves of those identified in the obituaries. The young groundskeeper was enjoying the challenge of finding the plots as he had never looked through that part of the old record books. What an unbelievable experience. It's never too late to learn your roots! Oh and by the way, the correct number of children Charles and Minnie had, that is now verified by legal documents was 11. Mother's do know best but then I guess Charles is the one who would have provided that information. And thank goodness for the person who provided the names of Charles's survivors.

The dots have been connected.

Family Group Sheet: **Charles Zabel and Wilhelmina (Brandt) Zabel**

Subject:	Charles Zabel	aka Charles Albert Henry Zabel aka Albert Charles Heinrich Zabel
Birth:	24 Nov 1823	Ringenwalde, Prussia (Obituary: Rice County Journal 21 Oct 1904)
Death:	18 Oct 1904	Rice County, Minnesota (MNHS death cert. #1904-35-1327 Chas Zabel)
Burial:		Maple Lawn Cemetery, Faribault, Rice County, Minnesota
Father:	John Zabel	
Mother:	Ms Schultz	
Marriage:	1 Oct 1854	Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
Spouse:	Wilhelmina/Minnie Louisa Brandt	
Birth:	24 Aug 1836	Brandenburg, Germany (1880 census lists birthplace Baden)
Death:	28 Apr 1900	Rice County, Minnesota (Obit: Rice County Journal 2/May/1900)
Burial:		Maple Lawn, Faribault, Rice County, Minnesota
Father:	William	
Mother:	Wilhelmina Barnett	
Children:		
1	Minnie Zabel	
Birth:	about 1856	probably in Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois; 1860 Fed. census Rice County, Minnesota "Mener Evens [sic]" age 4 born Illinois and in the 1865 Minnesota State census Minnie Zabel, age not listed; not found in later census
Marriage:		
Death:	probably between 1865-1870	Rice County, Minnesota
Burial:		
2	William H Zabel	
Birth:	30 Apr 1858	Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois (Obituary Faribault Daily News 3&5 July 1923)
Marriage:	Oct 1884	Mary Catherine Dwyer (1861-1945)
Death:	2 Jul 1923	Rice County, Minnesota (MNHS death cert. #1923-MN-012829)
Burial:		Maple Lawn Cemetery, Faribault, Rice County, Minnesota
3	Charles Henry Zabel	
Birth:	5 Oct 1860	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota; moved to Kewanee at age 18
Marriage:	20 May 1880	Mary Wagner in Henry County, Illinois
Death:	24 Sep 1923	Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
Burial:		South Pleasant Cemetery, Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
4	Mary Zabel	married name (Matty in 1875 Minn. state census)
Birth:	1862	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:	24 July 1884	Henry Tibert in Ramsey County, Minnesota
Death:	unknown	
Burial:		
5	Emma R Zabel	married name Emma Gunther
Birth:	17 Jun 1863	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:	1883	Frank A. Gunther (1859-1943)
Death:	1954	
Burial:		Pleasant View Cemetery, Kewanee, Henry County, Minnesota
6	infant male Zabel	
Birth:	1865	(listed in the 1865 Minnesota State Census; not found in any later census)
Marriage:		
Death:		
Burial:		

7	Louise Amelia Zabel	married name Louise Parker m. 2 Anderson (Eliza in 1880 census; Luisey in 1885 census)
Birth:	25 Nov 1866	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:	27 Oct 1891	Samuel A. Parker (1865-1940)
Death:	21 Jan 1950	Los Angeles, California SS#566320502 Louise Amelia Anderson
Burial:		
8	Henry Zabel	
Birth:	1869	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota (listed in 1870 census age 1; not found in later census)
Marriage:		
Death:		
Burial:		
9	Fannie E. Zabel	married name Fannie Gunther
Birth:	3 Jun 1870	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:	1894	William Gunther (1867-1958)
Death:	20 Feb 1938	Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
Burial:	22 Feb 1938	South Pleasant View Cemetery, Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
10	Nellie May Zabel	married name Nellie Mills
Birth:	28 Oct 1872	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:		E.C. Mills
Death:	2 Jul 1931	East Moline, Rock Island County, Illinois
Burial:		South Pleasant View Cemetery, Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois
11	Lillian Belle Zabel	married name Lillian Silloway (Lulu in 1900 census)
Birth:	19 Nov 1877	Prairieville, Rice County, Minnesota
Marriage:	6 May 1903	Lewis Hughes Silloway (1879-1937)
Death:	1 Mar 1966	Hennepin County, Minnesota (MNHS Death cert. #1966-MN-007191)
Burial:		Lakewood Cemetery, Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota

*All births listed above were verified by each's obituary and/or birth and death record to be the children of Charles and Minnie Zabel of Prairieville. Death records were not found for daughter Minnie, infant son and Henry in records of Rice County or in their townships in which they lived.

**Searched all birth records of Henry County Illinois for additional births and or deaths with assistance of genealogist and court recorder for this couple. None found. They stated births before 1857 in Illinois were inconsistent in reporting and are not complete. Doctors reported but families many times did not if not attended by a physician per library genealogist.

**** Note no births are recorded from marriage of 1854 to the birth of William in 1858 in Kewanee where they resided until late 1857 when they moved to Minnesota. Reviewed the same time period for all recorded deaths. Although other non-related children are listed, they had none recorded.

***. Minnie's obituary of 1900, in Faribault Pilot indicates 11 children born to them, 8 survive. Charles's obituary indicates 13 children were born from their marriage. Nellie's obituary, their second to the last child, states 6 sisters and 5 brothers were in her family for total of 12. In my search, Minnie's obituary is correct.

Sommers and Albers Wedding

by Cheri Reuvers Albers (Mrs Henry)

I wish I had a time machine to take me back to Thursday, May 5th, 1892. The wedding of Mary Sophie Albers and Frank Edgar Sommers took place in the house where I now live in Bridgewater Township – the former home of Henry and Christine (Kludt) Albers. The minister was Frederick H. Oelher, clergy from the Moravian Church. Witnesses were: Dora S. M. Albers, Henry F. C. Albers (sister and brother of the bride), G. H. Sommers and Hattie Sommers (brother and sister of the groom). I'm only dreaming, but I like to imagine that their vows were spoken standing in the bright and sunny bay window in the living room. As I dream, I wonder how many guests were present. What did they serve for food? Cake and coffee or a grand supper? Who made the wedding cake? How exciting it all must have been! As I ponder over their invitation and wedding photo; I realize they had no idea of the heartache and challenges that lie ahead for them.

Their first child, a son, was born the following March of 1893 – he died within two weeks “stomach ailment”. A daughter, Blanche C., was born July 23 of 1894 but died in March of 1895. A son, Ralph Ernest, was born June 27, 1896 followed by

Glenn Frederick June 7, 1899

Frank Henry September 20, 1900

Walter August September 8, 1902

Sumner Clifford (“Dick”) February 12, 1905

In 1908 her husband, Frank, age 39 died of pneumonia, leaving Mary to care for five boys ages 3 to 12 years. Three years later, her oldest son Ralph age 15, died from complications of Scarlet Fever. It must have taken every ounce of faith and courage that she could muster to keep going. After Frank had died, Mary's brother H. F. C. Albers moved her family from Northfield Township to Bridgewater Township to be near him. Mary's sister lived nearby also and helped her to survive. Mary died at age 73. I have much admiration for these hardy pioneers who endured so much tragedy.

Photographer: Sumner of Northfield, Minnesota
Frank Sommers and Mary S. Albers May 5, 1892
Frank Apr 29, 1868 Mary Albers Apr 15, 1871
Original photo in the holdings of Cheri Albers

Mrs. and Mrs. Henry Albers
request your presence at the marriage of
their daughter,
Mary S.,
to
Frank Sommers,
at the home of the bride's parents,
Thursday, May 5th, 1892,
at 2 p. m.,
Northfield, Minnesota.



A New Education

by Paul Fonstad

I would assume that every person who becomes interested in genealogy has a unique reason. It is that reason which drives them and sustains them through dead ends, empty trails and over uncooperative relatives. The start of my journey is relatively recent but I thought you might enjoy a recounting of the trip so far.

Several decades ago I was given a copy of the research done on the Fonstad family which was the result of a cousin of my Grandfather Fonstad. She was the granddaughter of his mother's brother. She spent most of her life as a missionary but had traveled to Norway and paged through the church records tracing the family lineage. I had never thought much about working on my genealogy until I was facing retirement. I neither hunt or fish and never became a woodworker. Society for some strange reason figures that all men who retire will use all their free time to participate in these activities.

I knew a little about genealogy and I hoped that in today's digital age, I would be able to do the majority of my research through the internet. The prospect of driving all over the countryside peering into county records was not appealing and could in fact involve spending a lot of money. After dipping my toes in the genealogy pool, I discovered that I would be able to gather a great deal of information without leaving my desktop computer. In fact, I found that I was driving down several roads of barely related relatives before I figured out I needed to more narrowly define my goals.

As I already had information on the Fonstads and had in fact attended a family reunion several years ago when a boat load of relatives descended on Wisconsin, I decided I needed to find out more about my mother's side of the family. I knew next to nothing about her father's family nor her mother's. My mother's father was one of thirteen children. I had known one of his sisters fairly well as she had raised my mother starting when she was around twelve years old until she graduated high school. We visited her when possible. I also met two of his other sisters but only one time

likely sometime in the 1950's. I also knew my grandfather had a twin sister. On my mother's mother side, I knew my mother had an uncle who lived in Duluth as she did and that he was a fairly well off business man.

You might at this point ask why I knew so little of other relatives. The answer can only be guessed at. The Fonstad side of the family pretty well dictated where summer vacations were spent and with whom. I did not know that a lot of my mother's families were located within fifty miles of where we spent every summer vacation in Wisconsin. The rest of my mother's family lived in Duluth and that also seemed to be an imposition on my father. Too late now to change any of that.

So now I am at a cross roads with a choice of four directions I can travel in. I put the Fonstad family on the back burner as we are not all that big and I had at least some of the history. My father's mother's family was and still is quite small. I am hoping to begin research on this family in the near future as I know my father visited some of the relatives on that side in Norway in the 1980's. My mother's father's family presented a bit more of a challenge as some of them moved to far flung places (at least far flung from central Wisconsin). I hope to get back to that family as the research continues. My great grandfather on this side emigrated with a brother and a sister, both of whom also settled in mid-Wisconsin.

That left me with my mother's maternal side of the family as a kickoff to my research. Their Danish name was Skafte and it had been the family name for several generations. They had never participated in the patronymic naming system which helped a lot when tracing them.

My great-grandfather Edward Skafte emigrated from Denmark to Neenah Wisconsin in 1880. Other family members on his to-be wife's side of the family emigrated before him and his to-be- wife. One of his brothers came to the United States, ten years prior, and lived in Marquette Michigan. He returned to Denmark before

Edward emigrated.

As it turned out, Edward and his wife Anna had 10 children of which 9 made it to adulthood and 8 of the 9 had children. The family is quite large now that we are a full five generations later.

My research methods have included the use of Family Search, Find-A-Grave, internet search engines looking for information about individuals, obituaries, some research at the Minnesota Historical Society, contacting several relatives directly, a Danish genealogist (in Denmark), a local archivist in the city my great grandparents emigrated from in Denmark and scraps of paper. I have had the gracious help of other amateur genealogists who made amazing connections. I also joined the National Danish American Genealogy Group in Minneapolis. In one case, I discovered one of my great-great-grandfathers (not a Skafe) had been married before marrying my great-great-grandmother and a daughter from that marriage emigrated to Wisconsin along with her husband and children. This led to discovering a descendant of one of these children who was also doing research on the family. At the time we met via the internet, she was not aware that this great-great-grandfather had been married to a different person who was her ancestor. She was able to supply me with photos of my great-grandfather Skafe at work on the Chicago Northwestern RR and one of her great-grandparents sitting on a porch with their children (her grandfather included) and my Skafe great-grandparents with one of their children and her daughter.

My research results have allowed me to start documenting the story of the family. I have met in person or over the internet several of my second cousins that before this project started, I did not even know existed. I have only come across one other family member who was working on the family genealogy.

The story and the people have made this effort worthwhile and I hope that someday one of more of my children or one of the other descendants will carry on documenting the family. I have a young (13) second cousin twice removed who wants to know who the Vikings are in his heritage. I told his mother that I could only get back to the 1600's which left me with a lot of time to account for.

Interesting things I have learned (some might call trivia):

- Duluth at the turn of the 20th century had more millionaires per capita than any other city in the U.S.
- Duluth at the turn of the 20th century shipped more tonnage than New York
- The reason for the Duluth facts is that 7 of the 9 Skafe children moved to Duluth although one did move back to Wisconsin after a few years.
- I discovered which relative introduced my father to my mother
- I discovered several relatives who attended St. Olaf College
- I have connected with several second cousins from Florida to Texas to Arizona to Wisconsin
- I discovered who the initial family emigrants were (great-great-grandmother's nephew followed by her brothers)
- I discovered how the Detroit Pistons came to be. Zollner Piston Manufacturing originally in Duluth MN moved to Fort Wayne Indiana. The founder was an avid basketball fan and sponsored a team in Fort Wayne called the Zollner Pistons. The company was sold to a German firm who moved the company to Detroit and the basketball team as well.



March 2016 RCGS meeting at Faribault with quest speaker Larry Richie.
Photo by Mary Zabel

Items of Interest From John Dalby

- Christdala Church Forest Township, Rice County, Minnesota

[<contentdm.carleton.edu/cdm/search/collection/CCPCA/cosuppress/>](http://contentdm.carleton.edu/cdm/search/collection/CCPCA/cosuppress/)

Click on the picture to enlarge it.

- Added Bounty Patent Book #3 Rice County Bounty Farms

[<dalbydata.com/user.pho?action=pibsearch>](http://dalbydata.com/user.pho?action=pibsearch)

People in Books

Book box enter: **Bounty**

- Bounty Farms

[<mnopedia.org/military-land-warrants-minnesota-1854-1864>](http://mnopedia.org/military-land-warrants-minnesota-1854-1864)

- A couple good searches

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=cemsearch>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=cemsearch)

Cemetery

in the Notes box enter: **USA Pres**

in the Notes box enter : **USA First Lady**

- The Early Years.... of a Pioneer Community as seen through the Eyes of a Single Family, The Alwins

by Virginia Alwin

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits)

Obituaries

Last name: **Kimber** Search then Scroll down to KIMBER KLINGBEIL ALWIN

- Finished the Michael Cook & Joseph Lee Heywood GAR Rosters

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=civwarsearch>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=civwarsearch)

Civil War

In the Remarks box enter: Michael Cook or Joseph Lee Heywood or GAR to see all

- Interesting person Joseph J "Jack" Frazer

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=cemsearch>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=cemsearch)

Cemetery

Last name: **Frazer** First name: **Joseph J**

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits)

Obituaries

Last name: **Frazer** First name: **Jack**

- Indian Burial Grounds

[<dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits>](http://dalbydata.com/user.php?action=searchobits)

Obituaries

Last name: **Indian** First name: **Burial Grounds**

From *Early Pioneers and Indians* by Lillie Clara Berg, 1959, self-published, San Leandro, California

Page 123 under Wheatland Township..."The earliest settlers arrived in 1855. One of them, Joseph J. Frazier, a half-breed, his father being a Scotchman, came here on a hunting and trapping expedition under the patronage of Gen. Sibley, who was his fast friend. Frazier was a noted hunter and Indian warrior, and was at Fort Ridgely during the Sioux War of 1862, when it was attacked ... He ran through the lines and rode horseback to Fort Snelling, where he gave the alarm so that relief was sent. At the time of his death in 1869, a sketch of his life, written by Gen. Sibley, was printed in the Pioneer Press, the St. Paul newspaper."...

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